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lation is made, and a copy of such order shall be kept on file by the secretary of the State board of health.

SEC. 2. The court of chancery shall have jurisdiction and power, upon application thereto by the State board of health or a party interested, to enforce its orders or the orders, rules, and regulations of said board in the premises and to restrain the use and occupation of the premises until the orders, rules, and regulations of said board are complied with.

Venereal Diseases—Notification of (Act No. 218, Feb. 3, 1913).

SECTION 1. Commencing on the date of the passage of this act the superintendent or other officer in charge of public institutions such as hospitals, dispensaries, clinics, homes, asylums, charitable and correctional institutions, shall report promptly to the State board of health the name, sex, age, nationality, race, marital state, and address of every charitable patient under observation suffering from venereal diseases in any form, stating the name, character, stage, and duration of the infection, and, if obtainable, the date and source of contracting the same.

SEC. 2. Physicians shall furnish similar information concerning private patients under their care, except that the name and address of the patient shall not be reported.

SEC. 3. All information and reports in connection with persons suffering from such diseases shall be regarded as absolutely confidential, and shall not be accessible by the public nor shall such records be deemed public records.

SEC. 4. The State board of health shall provide, at the expense of the State, facilities for the free bacteriological examination of discharges for the diagnosis of gonorrhreal infections, and also shall provide, at cost, vaccines or antitoxins for the treatment of such infections. And said board shall make, at the expense of the State, the Wasserman test or examine smears for the diagnosis of syphilis; and shall furnish the treatment known as "Salvarsan" or other accredited specific treatment at cost. But such diagnosis and treatment shall not be furnished until the data required for the registration of the case has been furnished by the physician or institution treating the patient.

SEC. 5. The State board of health shall include in bulletins or circulars distributed by it information concerning the diseases covered by this act.

Tuberculosis—Treatment of Indigent Patients (Act No. 219, Jan. 30, 1913, as Amended by Act No. 220, Feb. 13, 1913).

SECTION 1. The governor shall, by virtue of his office, be commissioner of indigent tuberculous persons, and as such commissioner shall constitute the board and shall biennially report to the general assembly his doings under this act, with an account of his expenditures.

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SEC. 4. The selectmen of the town or the mayor of the city may execute in their official capacity in behalf of their respective towns or cities, without a previous vote, the bond which may be required to be given by the town or city to indemnify the State against expenses which may accrue in consequence of the clothing or transportation of beneficiaries from such town or city.

SEC. 5. When a person is designated a beneficiary, the town or city in which he resides shall defray the expenses of his conveyance to and from the institution in which he is sent for treatment, and shall provide necessary clothing.

SEC. 6. The beneficiaries specified in this act shall receive treatment in the Vermont Sanitarium at Pittsford or a similar institution.

SEC. 7. The sum of \$5,000 is hereby annually appropriated for the purpose of carrying out the provisions of this act.

SECTION 1. Section 3 of an act entitled "An act relating to the care of indigent tuberculous persons," approved January 30, 1913, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"SEC. 3. The governor may designate beneficiaries under this act and shall direct the time when and the place where a beneficiary shall be treated, and the auditor of accounts shall draw orders for such treatment upon the certificate of the governor, and the governor may, in his discretion, take a bond to indemnify the State against expenses which accrue in consequence of the clothing or transportation of a beneficiary."

SEC. 2. Section 2 of an act relating to the care of indigent tuberculous persons approved January 30, A. D. 1913, is hereby amended so as to read as follows:

"SEC. 2. A person wishing treatment under this act shall be examined by two reputable physicians licensed to practice in this State, and such physicians shall, immediately after such examination, make a report in writing of their findings to the selectmen of the town or the mayor of the city in which such person resides. The selectmen of the town or the mayor of the city shall then investigate the financial condition of the person applying for treatment, and if such person is found worthy of treatment under this act, shall make a complete report of their findings, together with the report of the physicians, to the governor."

WYOMING.

Quarantine—Penalty for the Breaking of (Act Feb. 26, 1913).

SECTION 1. That section 2950 of chapter 192 be amended and reenacted so as to read as follows:

"SEC. 2950. *Breaking of quarantine.*—Any person or persons confined in any quarantine established in this State under the provisions of this chapter who shall escape therefrom or attempt to escape therefrom, without having been dismissed upon the certificate or authority of the county health officer, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than \$25 nor more than \$500 or by imprisonment not more than one year in the county jail, or by both such fine and imprisonment."

Births—Reporting of (Act Feb. 26, 1913).

SECTION 1. That section 2960 of the Wyoming Compiled Statutes of 1910 are hereby amended and reenacted so as to read as follows:

"SEC. 2960. *Birth certificates.*—It shall be the duty of every physician or midwife attending upon the birth of a child, or in the absence of such physician or midwife, the father, a relative, the householder, or superintendent of the institution in which such birth occurred, within 10 days thereafter, to file with the local registrar of the district in which such birth occurred, a certificate of the same properly made out in ink upon the standard blank, setting forth the true and correct information called for by such standard blank certificate. For each such certificate properly filed the party filing the same shall receive 25 cents, to be paid annually by the county commissioners upon the presentation of a proper claim approved by the State registrar. When necessary a supplemental report of the Christian name of the child can be made by the parent."